

SHIP FIGHT UP TO WILSON

The President Criticized for
Permitting Delay in
the Work

DESIRE THAT HE
STRAIGHTEN TANGLE

And Back One Side or the
Other—Most Prefer
Keeping Goethals

Washington, July 18.—President Wilson is being roundly criticized because of his policy to temporize in dealing with the controversy involving Major General Goethals, manager of the shipping board's fleet corporation, and Chairman Denman of the shipping board. It is declared that the time has come when the president must take a positive stand or the government's elaborate merchant shipbuilding program will suffer. As it is the building and commandeering of ships is being seriously delayed. Washington wants to see the president stand behind one or the other of the principals in the controversy. The majority of those who have expressed an opinion believe that General Goethals should be retained and permitted to start work without further delay, unhampered by anyone. It was expected that General Goethals would issue a statement to the public yesterday morning, but his secretary said yesterday noon that no statement would be issued until after a meeting of the board which has been called by Chairman Denman.

Bernard N. Baker of Baltimore, a former member of the shipping board, echoed the opinions of most Washingtonians who have studied the shipping problem when he issued a statement on Monday night declaring that Chairman Denman should be dismissed and that his place should be filled by some man who will co-operate with General Goethals. Mr. Baker's statement was much discussed yesterday. Those who entered into the discussion were agreed that little progress would be made in building ships until one or the other of the men was removed.

President Wilson's reason for temporizing cannot be understood by those who realize that one of our greatest problems is to get tonnage. Ships are needed as never before to transport soldiers and supplies to France, to rehabilitate railroads in France and Russia, to supply Italy with coal and iron and to send great quantities of food to England. While Chairman Denman has been placing stumbling blocks in front of General Goethals and while President Wilson has been temporizing, German submarines have been sinking merchant shipping, possibly at the rate of nearly a million tons a month. Now comes the demand for positive action by President Wilson, with which is coupled the assertion that if the president does not take a definite stand without further delay this country and our allies abroad will suffer most severely.

QUARRY INSPECTION.

One Planned for New Hampshire and Massachusetts.

Boston, July 18.—A joint meeting of the National Building Granite Quarries association and the Granite Paving Block Manufacturers' association was held here yesterday preliminary to an inspection tour of quarries in the state and New Hampshire.

Seventy-five members of the association in attendance from eastern states went to Rockport yesterday afternoon and to-day they inspected quarries at Milford, N. H.

Matters relating to the industry were discussed.

"HOW IS YOUR LIVER?"

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GERMANS FEAR BRITISH DRIVE

Troops "Jumpy" All Along Front in Expectation of Attack—French Strike Vigorous Blow Near Verdun.

With the British armies in the field, July 18.—The enemy's nerves are getting frayed on the western front. Along the entire line the Germans are effervescing in startled little attacks, showing they are "jumpy" and fearful of something that may be impending somewhere.

Yesterday's reports showed the German artillery active, a more than usual number of enemy raids and the air literally seething with machines. Ypres was completely inundated by gas shells.

Everywhere the boches were making desperate efforts to regain mastery of the air. Early yesterday five balloons were unsuccessfully attacked near the British front lines. One was set afire by the German aeroplane which attacked it. A German "sausage" balloon was brought down by retaliatory attacks by the British aeroplanes, being shot to pieces. There was heavy battling in the air most everywhere.

South of Lombaertzyde early yesterday the enemy engaged a typical attack of this "nerve shake" type. German marines furiously assaulted British outposts, driving them back about 200 yards.

In the sand dune section particularly the Germans seem uneasy over an impending British drive to retrieve the land the Germans recently won. The German marines evidently thought the British outpost was part of a general attack being launched to regain this territory.

SAY INTERNED GER- MANS OFFICERED CHINESE REBELS

Chang-Hsun Released Them as Part of
Conspiracy to Restore Relations
with Germany.

Tokio, July 13 (Delayed).—Official advice from Peking give prominence to reports that the monarchist army of Chang-Hsun was officered in part by interned Germans whom he had released as part of the conspiracy to restore diplomatic relations with Germany.

SCATTERED BY SEARCHLIGHT.

Greek Royalists Were Busily Denouncing the Allies.

Volo, Greece, July 18.—A searchlight of a British cruiser recently disrupted a street meeting of the supporters of King Constantine who were loudly deplaining protests against the rule of the entente allies.

"Down with the dogs of allies," shouted one royalist adherent. "Curse Venizelos," "Long live King Constantine," were among the cries of the speakers.

The meeting had reached the zenith of enthusiasm when suddenly every Royalist started as if he had been shot. Through the slurry blackness of the June night had struck a brilliant beam of illumination. It came from a searchlight of the English ship and it had fallen and rested full upon them. It never wavered. It seemed to be looking into the face of every man of them as if to see who would speak next. The words died away on their lips. The searchlight simply startled them into silence. They edged and whispered to each other for a few minutes and then slipped away into the grateful obscurity of the surrounding darkness. After that the searchlight was master of the situation.

IN LOCAL MARKETS

Dressed Pork Is Easy and
Steady at 17½@18c
Per Pound

BUTTER AND EGGS
ARE FIRM

Dairy Butter Is 37@38c Per
Pound—Potatoes Are
\$2.00@2.50

Barre, Vt., July 18, 1917.
Dressed pork easy. Butter and eggs firm. Wholesale quotations:
Dressed pork—Steady at 17½@18c.
Veals, fancy—17@17½c.
Fresh eggs—32@33c.
Butter, dairy—37@38c.
Fowls—25@27c.
Broilers—35@36c.
Potatoes—Quiet at \$2@2.50.

RICKER'S MARKET REPORTS

Hogs, Bulls and Drinker Calves Lower Than Last Week.

St. Johnsbury, July 18.—At W. A. Ricker's market hogs and bulls are reported lower, but beef is firm and drinker calves are two cents lower.

Receipts for the week ending July 17 included:

Poultry—200 lbs., 15c.
Lamb—10, 4@8c.
Hogs—370, 12@13½c.
Cattle—70, 4@8c.
Calves—610, 4@11c.
Milk cows—20, \$70@100.

IN BOSTON MARKETS

Butter Prints 43½@44c—Choice Eastern Eggs 41@42c.

Boston, July 18.—Jobbing prices:
Butter—Fancy northern creamery in tubs 42@42½c, boxes 43@43½c, prints 43½@44c, western creamery 41½@42c, good to choice creamery 41@41½c, fair to good 40½@41c, renovated butter 38@38½c, ladies 34½@35c.
Cheese—New York twins, fancy 24½@25c, fair to good 22@23½c, Young America 29@29½c.
Eggs—Fancy nearby hennerly 43@44c, choice eastern 41@42c, fresh western extras 40@41c, prime firsts 38@39c, firsts 36@37c.

BEEF CATTLE PRICES EASIER.

Heavier Receipts at Brighton Stockyards—Calves Also Lower.

Brighton, Mass., July 18.—Heavier receipts at Brighton stockyards yesterday and a moderate demand forced beef cattle and calves to a lower price level, but hogs were unchanged.

Beef stock was easier than a week ago, with the best tops not up to the previous mark in quality. One pair of steers shown by Ralph Wornwell was held at 12½@13c, but best bids were not above 11½c. Average tops sold at 9½@10½c, good cattle at 8@8½c and light cattle at 6½@7½c.

A few fancy beef cows sold at 9@9½c, but this was an extreme average, tops generally bringing 8@8½c, with good cows at 6½@7½c, ordinary cows at 5½@6c and canner cows at 4½@5c.

Bulls were quoted on about the same level as beef cows for best stock. Best animals brought 7½@8½c, and occasionally better, with average bulls at 6@7c and bologna bulls at 5@5½c.

Calves were easier for common stock, but choice small lots of fancy calves were still salable at 14@15c, with bunch lots at 12½@13½c, fair lots at 10½@11½c.

11½c, and grassers and drinkers at 8@9c.

So few sheep and lambs were offered that prices were entirely nominal.

Hogs were unchanged, best lots selling at 15½@16½c, with rough lots at 15¼@15½c.

Fancy milk cows were in good demand at \$100@150 and better. Ordinary and good stock sold at \$40@57.5, according to quality.

Dressed hogs are still quoted at 20@20½c by Boston packers, the same as for a month past.

EDITOR REID HELD.

Colebrook Man Must Face the Grand Jury.

Concord, N. H., July 18.—United States Commissioner Burns P. Hodgman yesterday held John Reid, editor of the Colebrook Sentinel, for the United States grand jury in the sum of \$1,000, charged with having failed to register for the draft. Unable to furnish bail, Reid was recommitted to jail where he has been since his arrest last week.

Two witnesses were called upon yesterday to testify as to Reid's age, according to statements he had made, Clerk George C. Stevens of St. Albans, of the Franklin county, Vermont, supreme court, and Mrs. Marion Osgood of the state motor vehicle department. Mr. Stevens showed the records where Reid had filed his first naturalization papers in 1915 and Mrs. Osgood produced a card made out and sworn to by Reid when he applied for a license to drive an automobile. In both instances Reid said he was over 21 years of age.

Robert W. Upton and J. Edward Flynn, who appeared for Reid yesterday were of the opinion that evidence could be furnished later which would settle the matter of age and asked for a further hearing in the case, which was granted by Commissioner Hodgman on the condition that a birth certificate could be produced as part of the evidence.

TRAIN DELIBERATELY WRECKED—2 KILLED

Spikes Removed from Track Throws Engine and Cars Over Embankment.

Charlotte, N. C., July 18.—Removal of rail spikes on the Southern railroad near Huntersville, N. C., yesterday sent a local passenger train over an embankment, killing the fireman and a negro passenger, and injuring a dozen others. Special agents are investigating, but have no clue to the identity of the wreckers or their purpose.

REMOVE TAX ON GLOBES.

And Put Charges on Electric Light Current's Cost in Mexico.

Mexico City, July 18.—The tax of ten centavos on each electric light globe throughout Mexico has been rescinded by President Carranza and replaced by a tax of ten per cent. of the cost of current to the consumer for lighting purposes. On current consumed for power purposes, a tax of three per cent. on the price paid by the consumer is imposed.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Yesterday's Results.

At Philadelphia—Cincinnati 3, Philadelphia 1.
At Boston—Boston 10, Pittsburgh 6.
At Brooklyn—Brooklyn 2, St. Louis 1 (10 innings).
At New York—New York 6, Chicago 1.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS

	Won	Lost	Pct.
New York	49	36	.573
Philadelphia	40	33	.548
St. Louis	44	38	.537
Cincinnati	47	42	.528
Chicago	43	42	.506
Brooklyn	37	39	.487
Boston	33	43	.434
Pittsburg	24	54	.308

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Yesterday's Results.

At St. Louis—St. Louis 3, Boston 2.
At Cleveland—Cleveland 2, New York 1.
At Detroit—(First game) Detroit 9, Philadelphia 2; (second game) Philadelphia 3, Detroit 1.
At Chicago—(First game) Chicago 5, Washington 0; (second game) Chicago 3, Washington 2 (11 innings).

STANDING OF THE CLUBS

	Won	Lost	Pct.
Chicago	53	31	.631
Boston	50	32	.610
Cleveland	47	40	.541
New York	41	39	.513
Detroit	42	40	.512
Washington	33	47	.413
St. Louis	33	52	.388
Philadelphia	30	48	.383

Sporting Notes.

In 38 innings prior to the Cleveland-New York game Saturday, Bagby, the Cleveland flinger, had held his opponents scoreless.

The Brooklyn National league team has sold James D. Smith, utility fielder, to the St. Louis National club.

Evers played his first game for the Phillies Monday, securing one hit out of four times at bat, and by having two assists and two putouts to his credit. Before the game he was presented a large floral horseshoe.

Bancroft's remarkable folding in Monday's game between Philadelphia and Cincinnati featured a fast game, which was finished in one hour and ten minutes.

Ray Powell's bat was a big factor in the double header that the Braves took from the Pirates Monday.

Cleveland has released Catcher Tom Daily to the Buffalo club of the International league, under the optional agreement.

RESERVE CANNED GOODS FOR THE ARMY AND NAVY

Considerable Percentage of Peas, Corn, Tomatoes and Salmon Wanted By Government.

Washington, July 18.—To insure an adequate supply of canned goods for the army and navy, the defense council's supply committee yesterday asked all the country's canners to reserve twelve per cent of each canner's pack of peas, twelve per cent of corn, eighteen per cent of tomatoes and six per cent of salmon. These percentages are based upon the canners' entire pack, not on his unsold surplus. The request affects fully twenty-five hundred canners in eighteen states.

The canners already have agreed to accept a fair and just price to be established by the government.

STILL HELD IN PRISON.

Albert C. Kaltschmidt, German Suspect, Failed to Get Bail.

Detroit, July 18.—Albert C. Kaltschmidt was one of the first of many alleged German sympathizers taken into custody on orders sent out by the department of justice at Washington immediately after the declaration of a state of war between the United States and Germany. He was arrested at Marine City, near Port Huron, April 6, 1917, and had been confined in the county jail near here since that time, having failed to obtain the bail demanded of him.

The warrant against him, read at the time of his arrest, charged that he had "set on foot in the United States a military expedition against the Dominion of Canada." Subsequently a federal grand jury sitting at Detroit returned several indictments against Kaltschmidt and 12 others. These bills, in addition to the charge contained in the original warrant, hold Kaltschmidt and the others for alleged complicity in numerous dynamite plots. Ten of those named in the indictments with Kaltschmidt were promptly taken into custody. The other two are serving sentences in a Canadian prison after being convicted of responsibility for the partial destruction through a dynamite explosion June 21, 1915, of the plant of the Peabody Overall company, Ltd., of Walkerville, Ont. They are Charles F. Respa, 28 years old, sentenced to life imprisonment at Kingston, Ont., and William Leffler, sentenced to ten years' imprisonment.

Leffler, who was arrested a few days after the Peabody explosion, charged, in a confession the Canadian authorities said he made, that Kaltschmidt was the head of a conspiracy to dynamite not only the Peabody plant, but the armory at Windsor, Ont., and many other Canadian factories and bridges.

Leffler was convicted and sentenced Aug. 13, 1915, and two months later—Oct. 4, 1915—an Ontario jury returned an indictment against Kaltschmidt, charging that he was a party to the dynamite conspiracy. Efforts were made by the Canadian authorities to obtain his extradition, but the United States government held the crime charged against him was not an extraditable offense.

Careful watch was kept on Kaltschmidt by Canadian officers, who were waiting for him to set foot on Canadian soil. This he avoided. Charles Respa, however, was arrested the first time he stepped on Canadian territory. He was taken into custody Aug. 8, 1915, at Bois Blanc island, a recreation park, opposite Amherstburg, Ont. He was sentenced to life imprisonment March 7, 1916.

Franz Respa, 70 years old, father of Charles Respa, was among those indicted here with Kaltschmidt, as were also his daughter, Maria Schmidt, and her husband, Carl Schmidt. Kaltschmidt's sister, Mrs. Ida Kaltschmidt Neef, and her husband, Fritz A. Neef, manager of a local electrical concern, also were named in the indictments. The others indicted and taken into custody were: William Jarosch, Richard Herman, Gustave Steven, Gustave H. Jacobson, and a man named Scholtz.

SURVIVORS SUFFER MUCH

As Submarines Speed Away After Sinking Commerce Ships.

London, July 18.—Sufferings of the survivors of vessels torpedoed by German submarines are graphically related in the official report of A. H. Blackman, chief officer of the steamer Alnwick Castle, sunk some time ago. The submarine, he stated, sped away without sinking any of the boats containing the survivors. There were in the chief officer's boat 31 persons, including two women and a baby of a few months. The storekeeper became insane and it was necessary to tie his hands and feet to prevent him from injuring the others. A cattleman made four attempts to jump overboard and finally succeeded. He was drowned. The deck boy died in the boat.

"Although we had occasional showers," he adds, "everything was so saturated with salt water that the little rain we caught was undrinkable. We tried licking the oars, tillers and seats of the boat, but the continual salt spray coming over rendered this of little use. Finally we broke up the water barrel in order to lick the inside of the staves, which we found saturated with moisture and, to us, delicious."

When the survivors reached the Spanish fishing village of Carino, two members of the crew who had become demented, refused to leave the boat and it was necessary forcibly to drag them out. One man expired as he was taken from the lifeboat.

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WAR MESSAGE ANNOTATED.

Is of Particular Value to Holders of Liberty Bonds.

The war message of President Wilson, delivered before the two houses of Congress on April 2, 1917, with annotations giving the leading facts on which the rupture with Germany was developed, the issues in international law, and contrasting the spirit of Prussianism and Americanism, has been published by the committee on public information in Washington.

It is a document of great value and of great interest to Americans and especially to purchasers of Liberty loan bonds who are financing the government in maintaining those things which this message shows to be right and just and in fighting to the end against those things which it denounces.

The message is accompanied by a foreword which gives the reasons for the publication and expresses the hope that it may make clearer the spirit and the facts back of the decision made by the government and people of America.

The annotations to the message are valuable in giving fuller details of matters and things which were only briefly referred to in the document itself. Facts and figures are set out in detail and constitute illuminating commentary on this one of the greatest public documents in the history of the world.

Americanism and Prussianism are contrasted by comparing the following expressions of national ideals:

"The foundations of our national policy will be laid in the pure and immutable principles of private morality. There exists in the course of nature an indissoluble union between virtue and happiness, between duty and advantage, between honest policy and public felicity, and the propitious smiles of heaven can never be expected on a union of government that disregards the eternal rules of order and right, which heaven itself has ordained."—George Washington's first inaugural address.

"We are now in a state of necessity and necessity knows no law. Our troops have occupied neutral Luxemburg and perhaps already have entered Belgium territory. Gentlemen, this is a breach of international law. The wrong—I speak openly—the wrong we hereby commit we will try to make good as soon as our military aims have been attained."

"He who is menaced as we are, and is fighting for his highest possession, can consider how he is to back his way through."—Chancellor Bethmann-Hollweg address the Reichstag, August 4, 1914.

NO MEN EMPLOYED

In Department Store for Women at Constantinople.

Amsterdam, July 18.—A noteworthy development in Turkish women's life, the establishment at Constantinople of a large department store for women, is announced by the Vossische Zeitung. No men are to be employed in any capacity.

RAISE LIQUOR TAX.

Mexico Proposes to Raise More Revenue That Way.

Mexico City, July 18.—On July 1 the tax on pulque and tlaquehu, alcoholic drinks made from the Maquey cactus, great quantities of which are consumed in Mexico, was raised to 25 per cent. of the sales price at first hand.

Barre, August 1-5

Sounding the Keynote



Dr. WIRT

Patriotism will be the keynote of the Chautauqua, and the keynote will be sounded on the opening evening in a masterly address by Dr. Lincoln Wirt, publicist, war correspondent and world traveler, speaking on "The Challenge of the World to America."

The music for the day will be patriotic. The Saxophone Singing Band, six University of Chicago men, will appear in two programs of military minstrelsy.

One-half of the single admissions on this first day will be given by the Chautauqua management to the local Red Cross of such other patriotic organization as may be designated by the local Chautauqua committee.

The Chautauqua program will be patriotic throughout. It was called a few years ago by President Roosevelt "the most American thing in America." Now the Chautauqua is asserting its Americanism!

Dr. Wirt has returned from an eight months' visit to the battle fronts in Europe, has talked to the statesmen of many of the countries at war and visited several of the armies and as a great lecturer and traveler is peculiarly fitted to speak on patriotism.



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Chautauqua**

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